



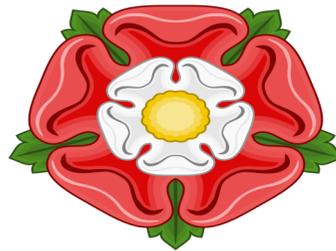
FURTHER READING

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/school-radio/history-the-tudors/zkgyhbk>

<http://www.primaryhomeworkhelp.co.uk/Tudors.html>

http://www.bbc.co.uk/history/british/civil_war_revolution/

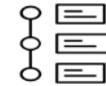
SEEK
THINK
ARTICULATE
READ LIKE AN EXPERT.
QUESTION
WRITE



History

Was Henry VIII a good king?

Why did the English fight the English?



TIMELINE

1485	Battle of Bosworth, Henry VII becomes king
1509	Henry VII dies, accession of Henry VIII
1533	Henry divorces Catherine Of Aragon and marries Anne Boleyn
1536	Dissolution of the Monasteries begins
1537	Edward VI born
1547	Henry dies, accession of Edward VI
1553	Edward VI dies, Mary I proclaimed Queen
1555	Burning of Protestants begins
1558	Mary I dies, accession of Elizabeth I
1588	Defeat of the Spanish Armada
1603	Elizabeth I dies and the Stuart family rule England
1640	King Charles has to raise money for war in Scotland
1642	Parliament and the King cannot come to any agreements, civil war begins
1642	Battle of Edgehill
1644	Parliamentarians win a great victory at the Battle of Marston Moor.
1646	Charles turns himself in to Scotland but they sell him to Parliament
1647	Charles escapes from prison but is easily caught
1649	Parliament try Charles for treason, sentence him to death, and chop off his head.



KEY CONCEPTS

The War of the Roses – The Wars of the Roses were a series of civil wars fought in medieval England from 1455 to 1487 for the English throne.

The Act of Supremacy—An act that put Henry VIII as the "Supreme Head of the Church of England."

Dissolution of the Monasteries— in 1536 when Henry VIII ordered the closing down the monasteries across England.

The Spanish Armada—Was a massive fleet that was bound to England but was defeated by Elizabeth I

Civil War – a war between people of the same country

Divine Right of Kings –Kings have their authority from God not their subjects



KEY WORDS

Heir	The person next on the throne
Reign	To rule as monarch
Monastery	A building where monks live under religious vows
Treason	The crime of betraying one's country
Illegitimate	Born of parents not lawfully married to each other
Roundhead	A member of the Parliamentary party in the English Civil War
Cavalier	A supporter of King Charles I in the English Civil War
Rebellion	To resist authority
Tax	A compulsory contribution to the government
The Pope	Head of the Roman Catholic Church.
A monk	a member of a religious community of men
A nun	a member of a religious community of women

